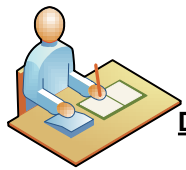# REPORTING (SHEEP) **MOVEMENTS ELECTRONICALLY** – (MARKET EXAMPLE)
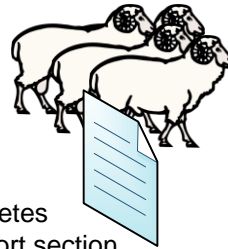
Dispatching Keeper

- Moving to a market that will read EID tags (so does not record individual tag numbers).

- Manually completes an AML movement document (electronically if using the new e-reporting system) (batch level data)

- Enters details of the animals sent (batch or individual IDs as required - in the off movements section of his Holding Register (individual EIDs sent back by the market).

Haulier

- Completes transport section of the AML

- Transports sheep to the destination premises - market

- Retains a copy of the AML
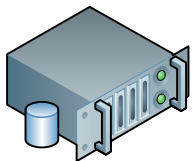
Destination keeper – the market

- Keeps a copy of the AML

- Scans the sheeps' EID tags
  - into its back office IT system (including their own holding register), &
  - into - the service providers system – for all batches received in the market (incl. the individual animal EIDs)

- For keepers with electronic holding registers on the system the system could populate the register's movement section with the scanned EIDs for breeding animals.

FARMERS

➢ Most _farmers_ do not yet produce electronic records.

➢ Sheep moves will not be pre-notified

➢ They will continue to be reported (confirmed) at destination premises.

➢ Farmers at destination premises who are not IT enabled will be able to send their incoming movement documents to the new service provider's 'bureau' service who will manually enter them on to its new database (a task currently undertaken by LAs)
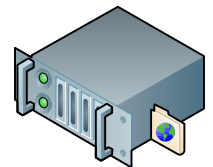
MARKETS

➢ 70% of sheep moves are through markets (and abattoirs)

➢ Most markets already provide an EID tag reading service for keepers (the 'CPRC' service).

➢ Electronic _reporting_ will be mandated for these premises

Animal Movements Licensing System (AMLS
Receives a nightly upload of all sheep moves from the new service providers database (batch level data as required by EC law).

The service providers database
'concentrates' the individual animal IDs into a batch level movement – and sends it through to AMLS